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# Value-Based Care in Pediatrics: Challenges & Successes



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$$\text{Value} = \frac{\text{Quality}}{\text{Cost}}$$

Value can be increased by increasing quality while maintaining cost or by reducing cost while maintaining quality.

Pediatric **Health** Network



# "Value-Based Care": Genesis & Opportunities

- Origins & CMS-funded pilots in Medicare - significant illness burden & expense and lots of unmanaged &/or excess care, spending & opportunity for cost reduction/savings
- Models piloted in commercial plans and state Medicaid programs
- Where's the "opportunity" in pediatric care?

# Most children are "healthy"...

- Over 90% of children are relatively "healthy"- with manageable illness & common chronic conditions
- About 5% of children with significant complex and/or chronic illness - account for almost 40% of total "pediatric" spend
- Where's the "value" opportunity?
- What can primary care pediatric practices do?



## What is most common **hospitalization diagnosis** in pediatrics?

- Hint: It's not seen in routine pediatric practice...
- “Normal newborn”
- Normal newborns and newborns requiring NICU/hospital care cost more than payment for all primary care visits in 1<sup>st</sup> year of life
- Primary Care opportunity in the first year of life

$$\text{Value} = \frac{\text{Quality}}{\text{Cost}}$$

Value can be increased by increasing quality while maintaining cost or by reducing cost while maintaining quality.

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# AAP Policy Statement 2023: Unique Value Proposition of Pediatric Health Care

- Pediatrics Volume 151, number 2, February 2023
- Jim Perrin, MD et al & AAP Committee on Child Health Financing
- <https://publications.aap.org/pediatrics/article/151/2/e2022060681/190498/The-Unique-Value-Proposition-of-Pediatric-Health>

POLICY STATEMENT Organizational Principles to Guide and Define the Child Health Care System and/or Improve the Health of all Children

American Academy of Pediatrics  
DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN™

## The Unique Value Proposition of Pediatric Health Care

James M. Perrin, MD, FAAP<sup>1</sup>; Patricia Flanagan, MD, FAAP<sup>2</sup>; Julie Katkin, MD, FAAP<sup>3</sup>; Greg Barabell, MD, FAAP<sup>4</sup>; Jonathan Price, MD, FAAP<sup>5</sup>; and the Committee on Child Health Financing

This document provides a framework for the value proposition of pediatric health care. It is intended to provide a succinct set of principles for establishing this proposition that demonstrates the short- and long-term value to the child and family, the health care system, and society as a whole.

### abstract

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**VALUE IN PEDIATRIC CARE**  
The health and well-being of children and youth strongly influence their health and well-being as adults. Health early in life has vital importance to many interests across society, where the basic aim of society is the well-being of families and individuals. Value (in health care) is defined as outcomes relative to costs.<sup>1</sup> Outcomes for children include resolution of disease and current health status, but these connections between health and long-term well-being clarify the need to address long-term outcomes as well. The value of healthy children becoming healthy adults provides a focus for the value of high-quality pediatric care.

Health is more than the absence of disease.<sup>2</sup> Our vision as pediatricians is that all children, including those with chronic conditions and disabilities, grow and develop in safe, loving families and supportive communities that help them achieve their greatest potential. Families are critical to these goals, and children's health and well-being partly reflect parental mental and physical health.

Pediatrics, at its core, is about prevention of illness, early recognition of problems, and provision of care based on individual needs delivered in the context of a patient- and family-centered, coordinated, culturally appropriate delivery system. Its aim is to promote children's physical, developmental, social-emotional, and nutritional health and to detect and treat challenges early enough to mitigate lifelong effects. High rates of mental and behavioral health issues call for addressing these conditions directly in pediatric care, including upstream prevention. Adversity in childhood, including the effects of

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Dr Perrin, Flanagan, Katkin, Barabell, and Price were all directly involved in planning, researching, and writing of this report, approved the final manuscript as submitted, and are accountable for all aspects of the work.

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FROM THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF PEDIATRICS

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# AAP recommendations for payment reforms to achieve **value in pediatric care** (both Medicaid & Commercial)

- Value-based payment arrangements that include coverage of children must specifically address children's health care in their design, recognizing the **long-term value proposition**.
- Value-based payment reform **must address early childhood adversity and social determinants**.



# AAP recommendations for payment reforms to achieve **value in pediatric care** (both Medicaid & commercial) *(continued)*

- Value-based payment reform must include **appropriate metrics and data collection** over time, with clear attention to racial, ethnic, and other disparities in health outcomes.
  - Pediatric metrics must address health equity, social determinants, and long-term value explicitly, aligned across both commercial and public plans, so that **all children receive high-quality health care**.
  - Payment strategies must preserve a focus on prevention and early intervention as a critical framework for child health. (EPSDT, CHIP, ACA)

## AAP recommendations for payment reforms to achieve **value in pediatric care** (both Medicaid & commercial) *(continued)*

- Value arrangements **must facilitate partnerships** among health care providers or health care systems and other state and community agencies (schools, child welfare, home-visiting programs, early childhood programs).
- Value-based payment strategies must promote **integration of behavioral health and social services** in both primary care settings and subspecialty care settings.
  - This includes both the care and coordination of care for children with developmental and mental health diagnoses as well as children with social-emotional challenges that do not yet meet diagnostic criteria of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5)

## AAP recommendations for payment reforms to achieve **value in pediatric care** (both Medicaid & commercial) *(continued)*

- Value-based systems must consider **risk stratification** that accounts not only for **medical complexity** but also for **parental and social complexity**, taking **social determinants of health** into consideration.
  - Risk models should address the special issues of care for children and youth with **special health care needs** and those with **medical complexity**.
- Payers must support the creation of **validated predictive risk algorithms for children**, construct “high-risk” lists for pediatric care coordination, and ensure adequate payment for such services.

## AAP recommendations for payment reforms to achieve **value in pediatric care** (both Medicaid & Commercial) *(continued)*

- Value-based arrangements must include **payment for new technologies** that facilitate care management in the medical home without a patient/physician in-person encounter.
- **New health care delivery systems** such as ACOs, or clinically integrated networks **that contract for value-based payment, must include pediatricians in their governance structures** if the system delivers children's health service.

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# Pediatric Clinically Integrated Networks

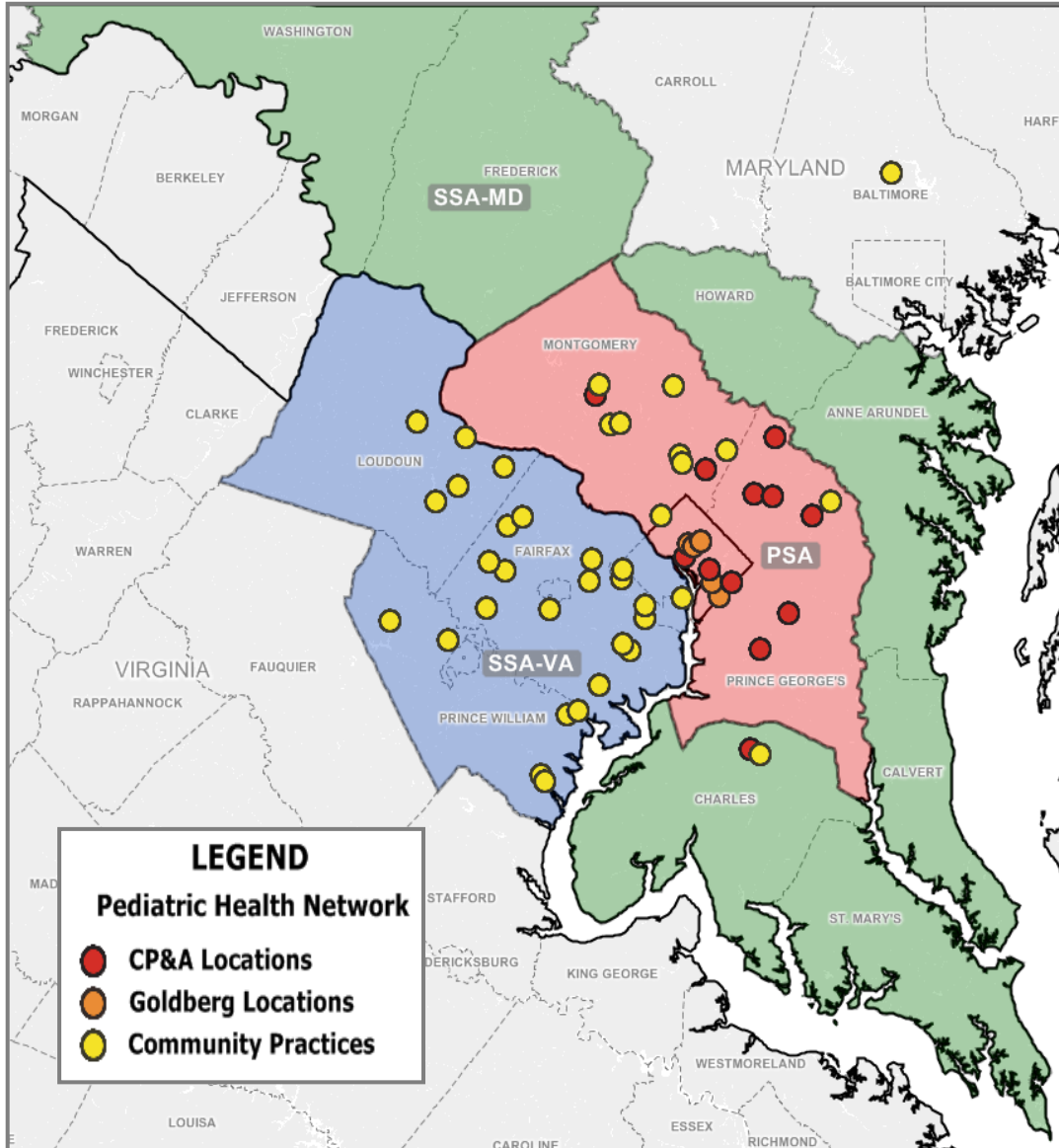
- Pediatric **clinically integrated networks** (CINs) have emerged to better address the unique needs & challenges of quality care & appropriate payment for pediatric care
- Measurably improve care and manage utilization & expense across the care continuum
- Permits independent pediatric practices to legally negotiate as a group
- Sponsored by local children's hospitals

# Pediatric Clinically Integrated Networks - nationwide



- Advocate Children's Hospital
- Akron Children's Hospital
- Arkansas Children's Hospital
- Boston Children's Hospital
- Children's Health, Dallas
- Children's Healthcare of Atlanta
- Children's Hospital Colorado
- Children's Hospital Los Angeles
- Children's Hospital of Orange County
- Children's Hospital of Philadelphia
- Children's Hospital of the King's Daughters
- Children's Memorial Hermann Hospital
- Children's Mercy Kansas City
- Children's Minnesota
- Children's National (PHN)
- Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center
- Connecticut Children's Medical Center
- Cook Children's Health System
- Dayton Children's Hospital
- Johns Hopkins All Children's Hospital
- Lurie Children's Hospital
- Nationwide Children's Hospital
- Nemours/Alfred I DuPont Hospital for Children
- Phoenix Children's
- Primary Children's Hospital
- Seattle Children's
- Texas Children's Pediatrics
- UPMC Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh
- VCU Health Richmond

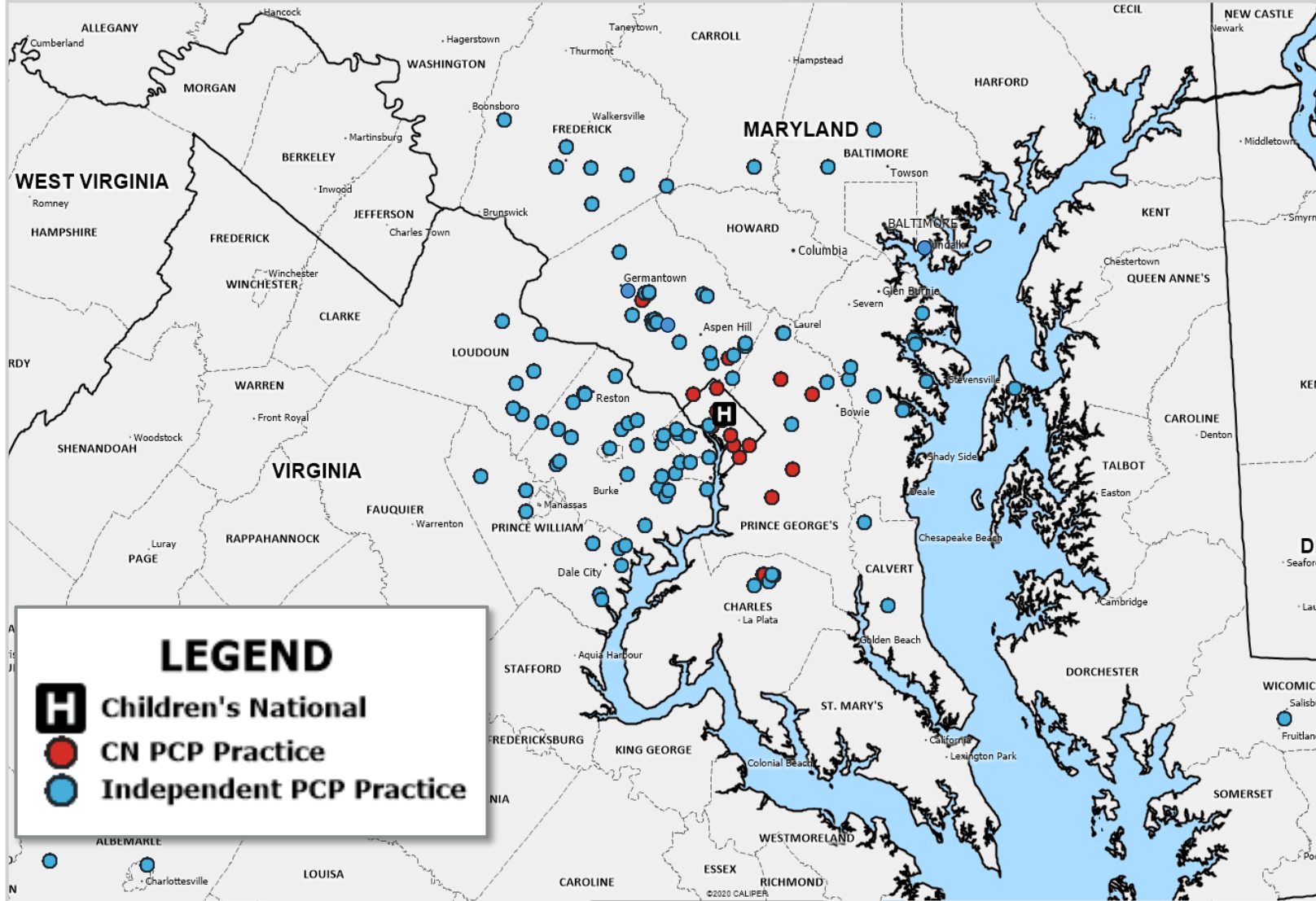
# PHN Primary Care Network – December 2018



Practices      Locations      Physicians

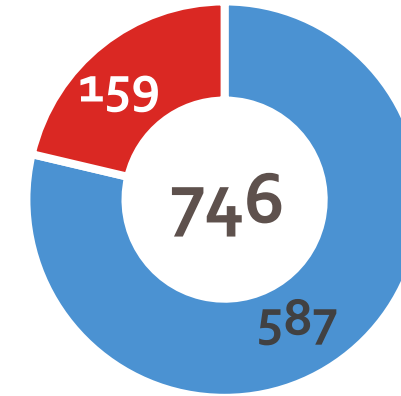
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# PHN Primary Care Network - November 2024



Primary Care Providers

Total Membership



1,961\*

■ Community ■ Children's

67

Primary Care Practices

125

Primary Care Network Locations

*\*Includes all CN credentialed providers (Attending, Advanced Practice, Allied Doctoral Clinicians) and Pediatric Specialists of Virginia*



# Pediatric Health Network: Key ingredients for success

- Establishment & engagement of robust regional primary care network
- Primary care leadership on board of directors & key committees
- Experienced executive leadership team & CIN contracting team
- Establishment of EMR data connectivity & exchange, robust IT & analytics infrastructure & leadership
  - eClinicalWorks, PCC, Office Practicum, athena, Cerner
  - Arcadia (PHN data platform) - aggregating CIN practice clinical EMR & claims data
- Priority focus & active practice engagement on clinical quality improvement & measurable quality performance
- Formal legal recognition as a “clinically integrated network”
- Support of Children’s National Hospital leadership

# Board of Directors

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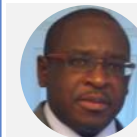
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# PHN payor contracting & collaboration

Current Value-Based Contracts:

- Aetna
- CareFirst
- UnitedHealthcare (2025)
- Additional contract in DC with HSCSN- DC Medicaid plan

Additional payor discussions underway...

# VBC contract challenges...

## **pediatric** “models” lacking

- Most VBC contract proposals for our pediatric CIN are essentially “adult” care models
- Payers acknowledge they have limited data/experience in developing pediatric specific contracts - that recognize the unique needs of pediatrics and those who care for children
  - High volume of preventive care/immunizations/health screenings
  - Quality metrics that encourage increased utilization/spend in primary care medical home
  - Increasing number of children & families screened/identified with mental/behavioral health concerns- and increasing number of children with BH concerns being managed in pediatric medical home
- Pediatric VBC contracts should not penalize pediatricians & CINs for providing more recommended quality care (and increased cost) in primary care medical home

# PHN: Novel pediatric CIN contract

- PHN & major payor (CareFirst) developed VBC contract that excludes preventive care, immunizations, health screens, behavioral health from “total cost of care” contract performance
  - Pediatricians & CIN not penalized for providing more of the "right" kind of care
- Behavioral Health Education
- Challenges:
  - Payors still want CINs to demonstrate “value” (managing costs)
  - Cost opportunities narrowed to other expenses & utilization: sick visits, ED/after-hours care, pharmacy, specialty referrals/care, etc.

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# Next step “value” opportunities for pediatricians & pediatric CINs

- Continue to educate & enhance pediatrician & CIN performance in current quality measures & outcomes
- Develop concurrent strategies for patient outreach & engagement
- Lower-hanging “value” opportunities for CIN/pediatricians? (opportunities to manage cost & utilization)
  - **Behavioral Health:** screening & initial/follow-up management (where clinically appropriate)
  - **PCP-Specialist Collaborative Care:** Identify lower-complexity/acuity referrals and develop collaborative/co-management opportunities (pre- or post-referral)
  - **After-Hours Utilization:** Explore ED-alternative options for after-hours care for low-acuity, urgent/convenience care
    - Extended office hours, nurse advice/telemedicine, urgent care (vs ED)

# Summary: Value-Based Care & Pediatrics

- Current value-based care models are designed for adult care & costs
- Pediatric VBC models should reflect long-term investment in children & equitable health outcomes
- The American Academy of Pediatrics has developed framework & recommendations for value-based care, children & pediatricians
- Pediatric clinically integrated networks have formed to better address care, costs & outcomes for children- and better support pediatricians
- Our local Pediatric Health Network has demonstrated early success in measurably improving quality and developing more pediatrician friendly payor contracts

# For additional information

- [www.pediatrichealthnetwork.org](http://www.pediatrichealthnetwork.org)